

~~African swine fever (ASF) is a hemorrhagic viral disease that has been introduced spread into~~
~~to European Union (EU) MS Member States; through via two distinct spread processes. The~~
~~first process involves~~ continuous ~~wild boar-mediated~~ spread through wild boar populations
and meta-populations, ~~for which the speed of propagation is notably considerably~~ slower than
~~that for of some~~ other infectious ~~wild boar~~ diseases ~~in wild boar~~. ~~The second process ;~~
~~and involves human-mediated translocations leading to~~ the establishment of new ASF clusters
distant from areas of previous ASF-occurrence ~~via human-mediated translocations. In~~
~~affected areas within the established ASF range, t~~ There has been continued sporadic
detection of cases ~~in affected areas within the established ASF range~~ despite very low ~~wild~~
~~boar~~ densities ~~of wild boars~~. ~~The t~~ Focal introduction ~~of ASF into wild boars~~ in the Czech
Republic was the only ~~occasion incidence of controlled spread of in which ASF spread in~~
~~wild boar was apparently controlled. Elsewhere,~~ ASF continues ~~s~~ to expand into new areas ~~in~~
~~other regions~~. In most ~~affected~~ countries, there ~~number of outbreaks have has~~ been ~~many~~
~~cases high~~ in wild boars and relatively ~~few low outbreaks~~ in domestic pigs. ~~However, t~~ In
Romania, ~~however,~~ the opposite has been observed. This ~~e-observatoned pattern~~ in Romania
should be interpreted with caution until ~~the potential for~~ under-detection of ASF in wild boar
populations can be excluded ~~as a possibility~~. This will require systematic surveillance
~~activities in of~~ wild boar populations. Under-detection of ASF in wild boars could ~~also~~ occur
~~even~~ in other regions, and ~~this should be can be~~ avoided through intense passive surveillance
of wild boars. ~~The t~~ Temporal patterns in ~~the~~ proportions of ~~positive~~-tested samples ~~that are~~
~~positive are consistent with reflect~~ the different epidemiological ~~situations status~~ in the
countries. For example, in Lithuania, ~~there is both~~ spatial expansion of the ASF-affected area
and an increase in ~~the proportion of~~ polymerase chain reaction (PCR)-positive ~~wild boars~~
~~animals among those wild boar~~ found dead ~~are noted~~. ~~By In~~ contrast, in Estonia, ~~there is a a~~
~~reduction decrease~~ in the proportion of PCR-positive ~~wild boars results in the last reporting~~

Comment [A1]: The sentence has been modified for providing some additional information about ASF as it is the core topic on which the study is based.

Comment [A2]: Repetition of words or phrases that convey the same meaning hampers the readability of a sentence. Here, "wild boar-mediated" and "through wild boar populations" convey the same meaning, and therefore, the former has been deleted.

Comment [A3]: Hyphens are less commonly used in American English to connect prefixes to the main word, unless their use is absolutely essential to avoid ambiguity.

~~period~~ among ~~those wild boar~~ found dead in the last reporting period has been noted, given
that ASF given that infection has been present throughout the ~~whole~~ country for several
years.

SAMPLE